THE REGISTRATION OF CIVIL PARTNERSHIPS SAME SEX MARRIAGE



Annex E: RESPONDENT INFORMATION FORM

<u>Please Note</u> this form **must** be returned with your response to ensure that we handle your response appropriately

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	isation Name	thodral Classow			
SUN	lary's Episcopal Ca	thedrai, Glasgow			
Title	Mr Ms Ms	Mrs Miss	S 🗌	Prof X	Please tick as appropriate
Surna	me				
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	ostal Address				
	Mary's Cathedra				
300	Great Western	Rd			
Gla	sgow				
	code 9JB	Phone 0141 334 566	69	Email Vestry	secretary@thecathedral.org.uk
3. P	ermissions - I a	vidual	1		o/Organisation X
(a) (b)	Do you agree to your ravailable to the public Government library an Government web site). Please tick as appropria. Where confidentiality is will make your respons public on the following. Please tick ONE of the form yes, make my respons address all available. Yes, make my respons but not my name and a Yes, make my response.	(in Scottish d/or on the Scottish? Inte Yes No Is not requested, we see available to the basis Intelligence of the basis		(c)	The name and address of your organisation will be made available to the public (in the Scottish Government library and/or on the Scottish Government web site). Are you content for your response to be made available? Please tick as appropriate X Yes \(\subseteq \) No
	available, but not my a				

We will share your response internally with other Scottish Government policy teams who may be addressing the issues you discuss. They may wish to contact you again in the future, but we require your permission to do so. Are you content for Scottish Government to contact you again in relation to this consultation exercise? **Please tick as appropriate** **X Yes** No
CONSULTATION QUESTIONS
The registration of civil partnerships
Question 1 (Paragraphs 2.12 and 2.13)
Do you agree that legislation should be changed so that civil partnerships could be registered through religious ceremonies?
Yes X No Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer.
Comments St Mary's Cathedral congregation contains significant variety in its views and this response, on behalf of the Vestry, will reflect that variety. However, the Cathedral sees its basic mission as one of reflecting God's love for all people and to promote that by being "open, inclusive and welcoming" to all. A significant number of our members are in long term caring and loving same sex relationships. Some of them who have registered a civil partnership speak of the hurt and exclusion they felt because their civil partnership ceremony specifically excluded any religious component. One member of our congregation summed this up as follows: "While those of different faith backgrounds may struggle to find a minister willing to marry them, they can still have a civil ceremony that involves religious elements because and only because they are of the opposite sex. I am denied this because and only because I am gay." We believe that the majority of our congregation would support the proposal addressed in this question, while recognising that some of our members remain unhappy at linking same sex partnerships to a religious service.
Question 2 (Paragraphs 2.14 to 2.19) Do you think that the proposals in England and Wales on registration of civil partnerships in religious premises would be appropriate for Scotland?
Yes

If you have answered no, please explain what elements of the proposals in England and Wales you consider inappropriate for Scotland.
Comments
Question 3 (Paragraphs 2.20 to 2.24)
Do you agree with allowing religious celebrants to register civil partnerships in religious premises?
Yes X No Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer
For the reasons given in answer to Question 1, we support this proposal. For many of those for whom a commitment before God is an essential part of recognition of their partnership, a religious premises is the logical place to make such a commitment.
Question 4 (Paragraphs 2.20 to 2.24)
Do you agree with allowing religious celebrants to register civil partnerships in other places agreed between the celebrant and the couple?
Yes X No Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer
Comments

Question 5 (Paragraph 2.25)
Do you agree that religious bodies should not be required to register civil partnerships?
Yes X No Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer
Comments Because this matter goes to deeply and sincerely held beliefs, we accept that denominations which are fundamentally opposed to civil partnerships should not be compelled to carry them out. However, it should be noted that the governance arrangements of some denominations might make it difficult for them to deliver such a ban in practice.
Question 6 (Paragraphs 2.26 and 2.27) Do you consider that religious celebrants should not be allowed to register civil partnerships if their religious body has decided against registering civil partnerships?
Yes
Please give reasons for your answer
Comments If the conscience of an individual celebrant compels him/her to register a civil partnership in spite of a decision by the denomination against such a practice, that is a matter between the celebrant and the hierarchy of the denomination. Belonging to a denomination implies commitment to its views and rules. However, the law should not prevent an individual carrying out a legal act, even if organisations take a negative view of the morality of that act.
Question 7 (Paragraphs 2.28 to 2.30)
Do you agree that individual religious celebrants should not be required to register civil partnerships?
Yes X No Don't know

Please give reasons for your answer
Comments This is a matter for the individual's conscience. In Scotland no celebrant is currently compelled to marry a given couple and the same should apply to
civil partnerships. To require a celebrant to register a civil partnership against their beliefs would be as perverse as compelling doctors who object to abortions to carry them out.
Question 8 (Paragraphs 2.31 to 2.35)
Which of the options do you favour to ensure that religious bodies and celebrants do not have to register civil partnerships against their will?
Do you favour:
Option 1
If you have another option, please describe it.
Comments
Question 9 (Paragraphs 2.36 to 2.40)
Question 9 (Paragraphs 2.36 to 2.40) Religious bodies may not wish their premises to be used to register civil partnerships. Do you agree that no legislative provision is required to ensure religious premises cannot be used against the wishes of the relevant religious body?
Religious bodies may not wish their premises to be used to register civil partnerships. Do you agree that no legislative provision is required to ensure religious premises cannot be used against the wishes of the relevant religious
Religious bodies may not wish their premises to be used to register civil partnerships. Do you agree that no legislative provision is required to ensure religious premises cannot be used against the wishes of the relevant religious body? Yes X
Religious bodies may not wish their premises to be used to register civil partnerships. Do you agree that no legislative provision is required to ensure religious premises cannot be used against the wishes of the relevant religious body? Yes X No

Same sex marriage

Question 10 (Paragraphs 3.11 and 3.12)
Do you agree that the law in Scotland should be changed to allow same sex marriage?
Yes X No Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer

Comments

Inevitably, there is a range of views within our congregation on this matter. Marriage as an institution has evolved over time, both in civil society and within the church. For example, the current wording of our marriage liturgy is very different from that used in the past, recognising equality of both partners within the marriage rather than the older view of subservience of the wife to her husband.

Many of us believe that the settled and loving relationship of a same sex couple can, and from our experience does, reflect and show forth God's grace, just as an opposite sex relationship or marriage can. On that basis, as the union of those individuals has the sacramental characteristic of showing God's love, marriage should be open to those same sex couples who wish to have marriage. We believe that is a majority view in our congregation.

Others amongst us, while not necessarily disagreeing that God's grace can be manifest in a same sex relationship, take a more traditional view of what constitutes marriage. They hold, for example, that it is the mystical union of a man and woman with a necessary link to the potential procreation of children. Those members of our congregation, therefore, believe that marriage is an inappropriate term for the formal union of same sex couples. Many of those who hold this view, have no objection to a religious ceremony to mark a same sex union so long as it is not called marriage.

Question 11	(Paragraph 3.13)
, ,	e that religious bodies and celebrants should not be required to ame sex marriage?
Yes No Don't know	X
Please give	reasons for your answer

Comments

As noted in answer to Question 5, this matter goes to deeply and sincerely held beliefs. One of the hallmarks of a tolerant society is acceptance of a range of beliefs and the ability of people to live by them so long as they do not preclude the same right for others. We accept that denominations which have a traditional view of marriage and believe that it can only occur between a man and a woman should not be compelled to carry out same sex marriages.

Question 12 (Paragraphs 3.14 to 3.18)
Do you agree with the introduction of same-sex civil marriage only?
Yes No X Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer
Comments
Question 13 (Paragraph 3.19)
Do you agree with the introduction of same-sex marriage, both religious and civil?
Yes X No Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer

Comments

If, as expressed above, we accept that a same sex union can reflect commitment, love and God's grace in the same way as a mixed sex marriage, it is logical to support the introduction of same sex marriage. There is also a matter of natural justice involved. Here are two comments from members of our congregation:

- (1) "(In St Mary's) I found a spiritual home where participation was not denied to me because I am a lesbian. The concept of open, inclusive and welcoming really is true in terms of how St Mary's treats both the congregation and visitors.....Currently, I may be baptised and buried from my church. Marriage is not just about making a lifelong commitment to each other, but to Christians such as ourselves, it is about doing it before God."
- (2) "I deeply feel that who I am as a human being is infringed by the law"

(on same sex marriage) "as it stands. This places me in a double bind of having to perform as if I am non-religious because there is no choice to admit my Faith as things stand legally."

There is also significant support in our congregation for moving to a process which resembles that in France where the legal registration of the marriage is civil in all cases and the religious ceremony follows for those who wish it.

Question 14 (Paragraphs 3.23 and 3.24)	
Do you agree that religious bodies should not be required to solemnise same sex marriage?	
Yes X No Don't know	
Please give reasons for your answer	

Comments

Because this matter goes to deeply and sincerely held beliefs, we accept that denominations which are fundamentally opposed to same sex marriages should not be compelled to carry them out. However, it should be noted that the governance arrangements of some denominations might make it difficult for them to deliver such a ban in practice.

Question 15 (Paragraphs 3.25 and 3.26)
Do you consider that religious celebrants should not be allowed to solemnise same sex marriages if their religious body has decided against solemnising same sex marriage?
Yes No X Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer

Comments

If the conscience of an individual celebrant compels him/her to solemnise a same sex marriage in spite of a decision by the denomination against such a practice, that is a matter between the celebrant and the hierarchy of the denomination. Belonging to a denomination implies commitment to its views and rules. However, the law has no role in preventing an individual carrying out a legal act, even if organisations take a negative view of the morality of the act.

Question 16 (Paragraphs 3.27 and 3.28)
Do you agree that individual religious celebrants should not be required to solemnise same sex marriage?
Yes X No Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer
Comments This is a matter for the individual's conscience. In Scotland no celebrant is currently compelled to marry a given couple and the same should apply to civil partnerships. To require a celebrant to solemnise a same sex marriage against their beliefs would be as perverse as compelling doctors who object to abortions to carry them out.
Question 17 (Paragraphs 3.29 to 3.33)
Which of the options do you favour to ensure that religious bodies and celebrants do not have to solemnise same sex marriage against their will?
Do you favour: Option 1 X Option 2 Neither Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer and if you have another option, please describe it.
Comments

Question 18 (Paragraphs 3.34 to 3.39)
Religious bodies may not wish their premises to be used to solemnise same sex marriage. Do you agree that no legislative provision is required to ensure religious premises cannot be used against the wishes of the relevant religious body?
Yes X No Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer
Comments
Question 19 (Paragraph 3.41)
If Scotland should introduce same-sex marriage, do you consider that civil partnerships should remain available?
Yes X No Don't know
Please give reasons for your answer
Comments Our majority view is that civil partnerships should remain as not all those who wish to have a civil partnership would wish to undertake a same sex marriage. One individual who is in a civil partnership commented that it had been immensely valuable and liberating to have his union recognised in this way but that, while he supported the introduction of same sex marriages, he was not sure if he and his partner would wish to have such a ceremony. For that reason he favoured the retention of civil partnerships as well. The contrary view has also been expressed because of a fear that extension of civil partnerships to opposite sex couples could undermine marriage
Question 20 (Paragraph 4.19)
Do you have any other comments?
Yes X
No
We are particularly interested in your views on:

- potential implications of the proposals for transgender people (paragraph 3.42)
- possible transitional arrangements (paragraphs 3.43 and 3.44);
- recognition of Scottish same sex marriages elsewhere (paragraphs 3.45 to 3.49);
- any comments on forced marriage (paragraphs 3.51 and 3.52)
- any comments on sham marriage (paragraph 3.53)
- potential financial implications (paragraphs 4.01 to 4.08);
- potential equality implications (paragraphs 4.09 to 4.14).

Comments

- (1) We hope that if same sex marriage is introduced this will resolve the cruel dilemma currently faced by a married couple when one of the partners has gender reassignment. Not infrequently, such couples decide to continue as a partnership, supporting one another before, through and after the reassignment, yet they have to divorce one another before the gender change is legally recognised.
- (2) We support the proposal that same sex marriages carried out elsewhere between individuals living in or moving to Scotland should be recognised if same sex marriage is introduced in Scotland.